

Chronic Maintenance In-Center Standing Orders - Paricalcitol

Paricalcitol (ICD10 – N25.81)

- 1. Targets** iPTH 150 – 600 pg/ml
 Calcium \leq 10.2 mg/dl

2. Labs:

- Draw monthly calcium (in NKC Profile) unless otherwise indicated by tables below.
- Draw iPTH quarterly (Jan-Apr-Jul-Oct) unless otherwise indicated below.
- Draw labs with the routine monthly lab draws unless otherwise indicated by tables below.
- If monthly calcium >10.2 , redraw calcium in 1 week (maximum 3 draws per month).
- If calcium >10.5 , notify physician for guidance on management.

3. Dosing:

Table 1: Tier Dosing

- Paricalcitol dosing is based on tiers that correspond to specific doses in mcg as indicated in Table 1:

Tier	Dose, mcg	Tier	Dose, mcg
0	0	6	6
1	1	7	8
2	2	8	10
3	3	9	12
4	4	10	14
5	5	>10	Call physician

- Give paricalcitol doses IV, 3x/week with dialysis. If patient dialyzes $>3x/week$, ensure doses are spaced evenly 3x/week throughout the week. If patient runs only 1 or 2 times per week administer the dose with each dialysis i.e. qweek or 2x/week, respectively.
- Always use the most recent calcium and iPTH when applying the algorithms.
- If the algorithm indicates to decrease the paricalcitol dose to $<1mcg$, hold paricalcitol dose

4. Incident Patient Algorithm:

- Incident patient = patient new to dialysis or established patient who has not received any doxercalciferol or paricalcitol within past 6 months.
- Do not start paricalcitol if calcium >9.8 , monitor calcium monthly

Patient Name _____ **NKC #** _____

- c. If calcium is ≤ 9.8 give paricalcitol at the dose indicated in Table 2 and draw next iPTH in two months, or at next quarterly labs, whichever is sooner.

Table 2: Incident Patient Paricalcitol Dosing		
iPTH (pg/ml)	Tier	Dose (mcg)
<300	0	0
300 – 450	1	1
>450 – 600	2	2
>600	4	4

- d. Once paricalcitol started and result on next iPTH draw known, proceed per Established Patient Algorithm below.

5. Established Patient Algorithm

- If calcium ≥ 10.2 mg/dl, hold paricalcitol dose
- If calcium <10.2 mg/dl, determine paricalcitol dose using the iPTH brackets in Table 3 and the following algorithm.

Table 3: Established Patient PTH Brackets	
iPTH (pg/ml)	Bracket
< 150	A
150 – 450	B
>450 – 600	C
>600	D

- Change current paricalcitol dose based on most recent PTH result compared to the prior PTH result:
 - Hold dose if PTH is in bracket (A)
 - 1-tier increase if patient switched from PTH bracket (B) to bracket (C) or from bracket (C) to bracket (D) or patient remains in bracket (D)
 - 2-tier increase if patient had two or more PTH bracket increase
 - 1-tier decrease if patient switched from PTH bracket (D) to bracket (C) or from bracket (C) to bracket (B)
 - 2-tier decrease if patient had two or more bracket decrease, unless patient switches to bracket (A), in which case hold dose
 - In all other cases keep existing dose

6. Held Dose Algorithm (for established patients)

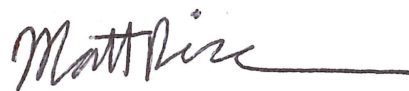
- If paricalcitol dose on hold, and most recent calcium <10.0 mg/dl AND iPTH >300 pg/ml, then manage paricalcitol using the following algorithm:

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- i. Restart with 2-tier decrease if iPTH >300 pg/mL and in bracket (B) (i.e. iPTH >300 to 450)
 - ii. Restart with 1-tier decrease if in bracket (C). If previous dose was 1mcg, restart paricalcitol at 1mcg (Tier 1) if in bracket (C).
 - iii. Restart with the same dose if in bracket (D)
- b. If paricalcitol on hold, and most recent calcium is ≥ 10.0 mg/dl AND iPTH >600 pg/ml, contact nephrologist to suggest starting or increasing cinacalcet

Matthew Rivara, MD

Physician Name (Please Print)



January 5th, 2026

Physician Signature

Date

(**see Initial Orders**)

Patient Name _____ **NKC #** _____